Sampling and Analysis Plan Tulalip Wastewater Treatment Plant Effluent Monitoring Program

Submitted by

The Consolidated Borough of Quil Ceda Village

Tulalip Indian Reservation, WA 8802 27th Avenue NE Tulalip, WA 98271-7433 September 2006

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INTRODUCTION

This Sampling and Analysis Plan has been developed for collection of wastewater effluent samples from the ultra filter membrane wastewater treatment plant operated by The Consolidated Borough of Quil Ceda Village (Tulalip Indian Reservation, State of Washington).

This Sampling and Analysis Plan (SAP) was prepared considering two discharge options. Over the short-term (approximately 6 to 8 years), the discharge will be routed to subsurface infiltration basins. The basins will infiltrate treated effluent into the shallow groundwater aquifer. The effluent will be ultraviolet (UV) disinfected prior to infiltration. Under this discharge option, the groundwater must meet Tribal Drinking Water Standards. These standards match U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Drinking Water Standards [maximum contaminant levels (MCLs)]. In addition to infiltration, a portion of the treated effluent will be chlorinated and reused for irrigation and casino toilets.

Over the long-term, the plan is to reuse treated effluent in salmon-rearing ponds and to augment surface water flows in Coho Creek and other creeks. Soon, the government anticipates designing and constructing a pilot wetland to test and consider methods to accomplish this augmentation. The effluent will be routed through a treatment wetland prior to being discharged to a constructed infiltration pit. This SAP is the guide for sampling and analysis for work at this location..

SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS SPECIFICS

2.1 LOCATION AND SAMPLE FREQUENCY

Wastewater effluent samples will be collected at the wastewater treatment plant at a location selected to represent the quality of effluent that will be discharged to the infiltration area or surface water (as applicable).

The frequency of sampling is indicated in Table 2-1. Compounds of concern for surface water discharge will be monitored during effluent infiltration to build a database of results prior to discharge to surface water. Analytical methods are described in Table 2-2 of the QAPP.

2.2 SAMPLING METHODS

2.2.1 Procedures for Sample Collection

Wastewater effluent samples will be collected directly into pre-labeled sampling containers. Therefore no decontamination will be required. Each sample will be labeled, chemically preserved (if required), and sealed immediately after collection.

Prior to the sample event, each sample location will be assigned a unique code. Each sample collected at that location would be preassigned an identification code using the sample location followed by other specific information describing the sample. The following example illustrates the sample identification system:

EF-122002-001-0,

Where:

EF = Effluent

122002 = Date

001 = Station Number

0 = Code indicating whether the sample is a duplicate,

where 0 is assigned for the sample, and 1 is

assigned for a duplicate sample.

Table 2-1. Sampling Frequency

December on December Comme	Sampling Frequency During Discharge to	Sampling Frequency During Discharge to Surface Water
Parameter or Parameter Group Groundwater Level Measurements	Effluent Infiltration System Weekly (N1 through N10, S1 through S9,	None
Groundwater Level Measurements	and B1 through B6, and P3).	None
·	and B1 through B0, and F3).	
Instrument Parameters		
Dissolved oxygen	Weekly	To Be Determined (TBD)
pH	Weekly	TBD
Specific conductance	Weekly	TBD
Turbidity	Continuous ^b	TBD
Conventional Parameters		
Alkalinity	Monthly	TBD
Ammonia	Weekly	TBD
BOD5	Weekly	TBD
Coliform, Fecal	Weekly	TBD
Coliforms, Total	Monthly	TBD
E. coli	Yearly	TBD
Cyanide	Yearly	TBD
Hardness	Monthly	TBD
Nitrate	Weekly	TBD
Nitrite	Weekly	TBD
Phosphorous	Yearly ^c	TBD
TKN	Weekly	TBD
TSS	Yearly	TBD
	Use turbidity as surrogate thereafter.	
Metals		
Antimony	Yearly	TBD
Arsenic	Yearly ^c	TBD
Barium	Yearly	TBD
Beryllium	Yearly ^c	TBD
Cadmium	Yearly ^c	TBD
Chromium	Yearly ^c	TBD
Copper	Yearly	TBD
Lead	Yearly ^c	TBD
Mercury	Yearly	TBD
Nickel	Yearly ^c	TBD
Selenium	Yearly	TBD
Silver	Yearly ^c	TBD
Thallium	Yearly ^c	TBD
Zinc	Yearly ^c	TBD

(Table Continues)

Table 2-1. Sampling Frequency (Continued)

Parameter or Parameter Group	Sampling Frequency During Discharge to Effluent Infiltration System	Sampling Frequency During Discharge to Surface Water
Volatile Organic Compounds ^d	Yearly	TBD
Pesticides ^d	Yearly	TBD
PCBs ^d	Yearly	TBD
TPH ^d	Yearly	TBD

frequency will be reduced to annually. See list in Table 2-3 of the QAPP.

Where appropriate, sample labels and forms will be preprinted with the appropriate sample identification code. The labels will be filled out using waterproof ink and will be firmly affixed to the sample containers and protected with waterproof tape.

The following information will be given on each sample label:

- Project name and number.
- Name of sampler.
- Date and time of sample collection.
- Sample station.
- Sample number.
- Analysis required.
- Preservation.

2.2.2 Quality Control Samples

The following quality control samples should be collected at the WWTP to verify accuracy and precision of laboratory results for this project:

- A minimum of one trip blank will be analyzed each sampling event for VOC samples. If contamination is identified, transfer blanks will be collected and analyzed.
- A minimum of one blind duplicate will be analyzed per 20 samples, or one per year (whichever is greater).

The frequency of quality control samples may be adjusted when the final sampling schedule is

Recommendation will be provided in NPDES permit application.

Turbidity is continuously monitored as WWTP operational parameter to detect failure or deterioration of membrane treatment system. Monthly monitoring will continue for any compound detected at greater than 80 percent of its effluent limit. Otherwise, monitoring

determined. The frequency of quality control sample evaluations described here should be considered a minimum. Additional information regarding quality control is presented in the Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP).

2.2.3 Documentation

Sample documents will be carefully prepared so that sample identification and chain-of-custody can be maintained and sample disposition controlled. Sample identification documents will include:

- Monitoring notebooks.
- Sample Data Sheet.
- Sample labels.
- Chain-of-Custody Forms.

Examples of the Sample Data Sheet, Sample Label, and Chain-of-Custody Form are included in Appendix A. Additional information regarding sample handling and custody is provided in the OAPP.

2.2.4 Sample Handling and Custody

Detailed information regarding sample handling and custody is provided in the QAPP. In summary, the following transfer of custody and shipment procedures will be followed:

- Each cooler in which samples are packed must be accompanied by a Chain-of-Custody Form. When transferring samples, the individuals relinquishing and receiving the samples must sign, date, and note the time on the Chain-of-Custody Form to document sample custody transfer.
- Shipping containers will be sealed with custody seals for shipment to the laboratory. The method of shipment, name of courier, and other pertinent information will be entered in the "Remarks" section of the Chain-of-Custody Form.
- All shipments will be accompanied by the Chain-of-Custody Form identifying shipment contents. The original form will accompany the shipment. The other copies will be distributed as appropriate to the Project QA Officer and Project Manager. See QAPP for list of items to be included on the Chain-of-Custody Form.

The samples will be transported and handled in a manner that not only protects the integrity of the sample, but also prevents any detrimental effects due to the possible hazardous nature of the samples. Samples will be personally delivered by a Village employee, or shipped via courier or overnight delivery service to the analytical laboratory within 24 hours of sample collection.

If sent by mail, the package will be registered with "Return Receipt Requested." If sent by common carrier, a bill of lading will be used. Freight bills, postal services receipts, and bills of lading will be retained as part of the permanent documentation.

Copies of the Sample Monitoring Data Sheet, the Sample Container Label, the Chain-of-Custody Form, and Chain-of-Custody Seal are included herein.

2.2.5 Groundwater Level Measurement

A standard operating procedure for groundwater level measurement is provided in Appendix B. Groundwater level measurements will be recorded in a monitoring notebook. Health and safety measures shall be rubber gloves and suitable clothes (boots, long pants, long sleeve shirt, etc.)

2.3 Sample Analyses

The wastewater effluent samples will be analyzed by a Washington State certified laboratory for parameters with drinking water MCLs, and for additional conventional and instrument parameters used to assess treatment performance. Analytical methods and required reporting limits are provided in Table 2-2 in the QAPP.

Point of sampling or station Date Sampler Project: Analysis: Time: Comments:

Labor Tory Analysis Request

Date:

ARI Client: Phone#:								Page of						400 Ninth Avenue North Seattle, WA 98109-4708 (206) 621-6490			
ARI Client: Phone#:							Cooler Temp:								621-7523 (Fax)	
Client	Contact:		V-1						Ana	lysis F	Required	}			Note	es/Commer	its
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Analytical Resources - porated

Analytical Chemist a.

Limits of Liability: ARI will perform all requested services in accordance with appropriate methodology following Standard Operating Procedures and our Quality Assurance Program. This program meets standards for the industry. The total liability of ARI, its officers, agents, employees, or successors, arising out of or in connection with the requested services, shall not exceed the invoiced amount for said services. The acceptance by the client of a proposal for services by ARI releases ARI from any liability in excess thereof, not withstanding any provision to the contrary in any contract, purchase order or co-signed agreement between ARI and the client.

Time:

Date:

Time:

Date:

Time:

Weil #:	
Sample #:	

Groundwater Sampling Field Data Sheet

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Project Numb			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
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Project Addre	ss:				Ву:		
Client Name:				Purged B	y:		
Casing Diam	eter: 2"	_ 4"	6"	Other			
Depth to Wat	er (feet):				ume Measuremer		
Denth of Wel	l (feet):			Date Purg	ged:		
Reference Po	oint (surveyors not	ch, etc.):	<u> </u>	Purge Tin	ne (from/to):		
	ampled:						
	Purge Volume ((gallons) for: 2	tr ² h)(7.48 gal/ft ³)(2" = (0.80)(h); 4" = allons):	= (3.26)(h); 6" =	: (7.40)(h)):	
TIME (2400 hr)	CUMULATIVE VOLUME (gal)	PH (units)	Ec (µmhos/cm 25° c)	COLOR (visual)	TURBIDITY (visual)	ODOR	OTHER
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
							
							
Purging Equi	pment:			Sampling	Equipment:		

Laboratory: _					to Lab:		
Chain-of-Cus	stody (yes/no):			Field QC	Sample Number:		
Shipment Me	thod:			Split with	(name(s)/organiza	ation(s):	
Well Integrity	·						
Remarks: _							

		·	DATE		JOB NO.	-
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Field Report

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PAGE	F

PROJECT NAME	PROJECT NO.	CLIENT		
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PMX SAMPLE NO.	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	SAMPLING DATE/TIME	DATE SAMPLE SHIPPED	DATE/TIME LAB CONTACTED FOR SHIPMENT	DATE ANALYTICAL DATA RECEIVED	LABORATORY INVOICE NO.	DATE QUALITY ASSURED	DATE DATA SENT TO CLIENT	COMMENTS
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Standard Operating Procedures

STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES

Static Water Level Measurement

Objective

The objective of this standard operating procedure is to describe a method for collecting a static water level measurement. Measurements will be made from groundwater monitoring wells accurate to the nearest 0.01 foot from a standard reference point on the well casing.

Materials

The following materials are required for the collection of static water level measurements:

- Well keys.
- Electronic water-level indicator.
- Weighted steel tape.
- Paper towels.
- De-ionized water.
- Health and safety equipment.

Procedure

The following steps will be taken during the collection of static water level measurements:

- 1. Unlock and open well. Verify well integrity.
- 2. Lower electronic water level indicator to the water surface.
- When the sounder indicates that the indicator probe has contacted water, raise and lower the probe to verify exact point at which measurement should be taken.
- 4. Measure the depth to water, to the nearest 0.01 foot, from the reference point (notch or mark on well casing).
- 5. Record the measurement, to the nearest 0.01 foot, in the monitoring notebook or on the Groundwater Sampling Data Sheet.
- 6. Measure total well depth to the nearest 0.1 foot using weighted steel tape.
- 7. Replace well cap and close and lock protective well casing.

Decontamination

The following steps will be taken during decontamination of down-hole measuring equipment:

- 1. While winding the equipment up from the well, thoroughly rinse with deionized water.
- 2. Remove excess water from the equipment with clean paper towels prior to rewinding equipment on the reel.

Notes

Measurements will be made under appropriate health and safety procedures. See SAP/QAPP